

Canadian Hydrographic Service: Chart Datum and the Continuous Vertical Datum (CVD)

October 10, 2025



Chart Datum

- On most Canadian coastal charts, the surface of lower low water, large tide (also known as LLWLT) has been adopted as chart datum. The term lowest normal tide (also called LNT) has been retained on the charts. This is because it encompasses a variety of other choices for chart datum on some older charts.
- A 2-month water level record at a coastal location may provide sufficient tidal information to determine a reasonably accurate chart datum. However, many years of records may be necessary to provide the information on seasonal and secular fluctuations in mean water level required to determine chart datum on lakes and rivers.
- In non-tidal waters, chart datum is set so that the water level will be above datum approximately 95% of the time. A preferred guideline is that the daily mean water level should **never** fall more than 0.2 m below the chart datum during the navigation season.
- Once Chart Datum has been established in an area, it does not change again until it is updated by CHS.

Chart Datum

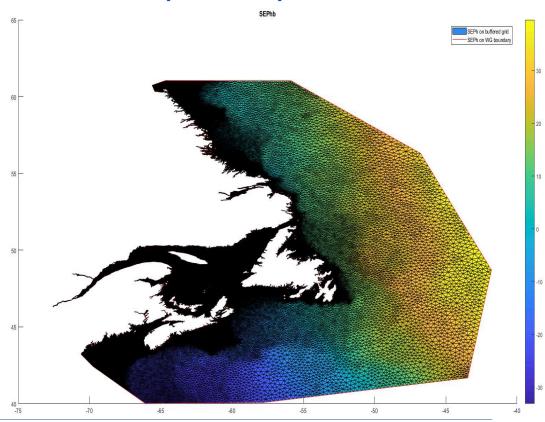
- Chart Datum is represented by benchmarks mounted at stations
- Benchmarks are laser levelled to millimeter accuracy

 Station benchmark elevations are available at <u>tides.gc.ca</u> by clicking the "Tidal and water level stations" link



Continuous Vertical Datum (CVD)

- The Continuous Vertical Datum (CVD) is a continuous tidal datum model
- There are three CVD solutions that together cover all Canadian waters, they are called:
 - CANFAST
 - CANWEST
 - CANNORTH
- All CVD surfaces are, by default, referenced to NAD83(CSRS) and the GRS80 ellipsoid



NAD83 Ellipsoid

- NAD83(CSRS) 2010 epoch currently used for all CVD surfaces
- NAD83(CSRS) realization updated periodically
 - Fixed to the North Americal tectonic plate
 - Maintained by Natural Resources Canada (NRCan)

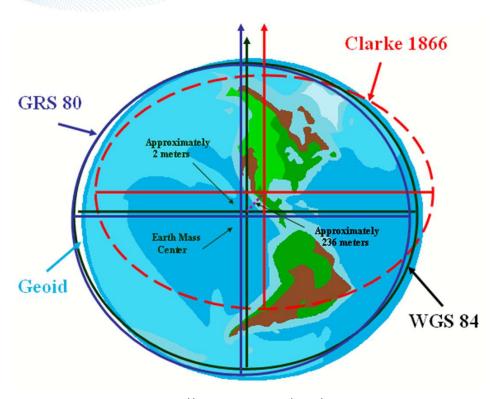
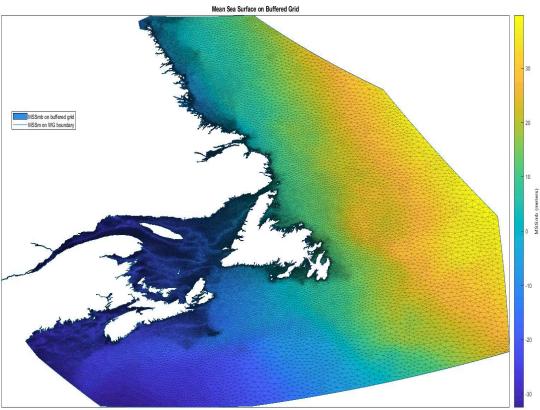


Image Source: https://vdatum.noaa.gov/docs/datums.html

Continuous Vertical Datum (CVD)

- The CVD models Chart Datum (CD), and number of other tidal targets such as Mean Water Level (MWL, or Z0), Lower Low Water Large Tide (LLWLT), Higher High Water Large Tide (HHWLT), Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT), Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT), etc.
- "Ideal surfaces" are corrected for sea level rise where possible
- Chart Datum (CD) and all other tidal targets are linked to the ellipsoid via Mean Water Level (MWL) surface



Why Use Mean Water Level (MWL)?

- Mean Water Level (MWL) should be relatively flat and smooth
- Global Mean Sea Surface (MSS) data available
- Mean Water Level for a given area can be measured directly, or calculated as the sum of two factors:
 - 1. Geoid elevation
 - 2. Dynamic Ocean Topography (DOT)

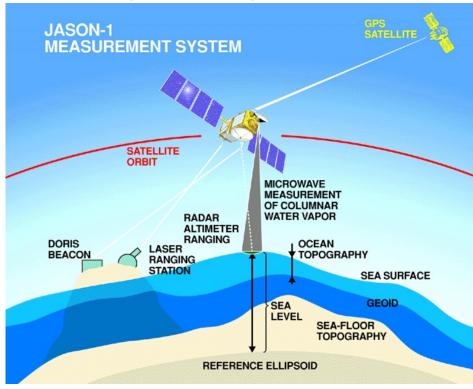


Image Source: http://sealevel.jpl.nasa.gov/gallery/posters.html

The Geoid

- A model of global mean sea level that is based on variations in the Earth's gravity through space
- Also referred to as a gravitational equipotential surface
- Currently two geoid models commonly used in Canada
 - CGVD28
 - CGVD2013
- Both geoid models are maintained by NRCan

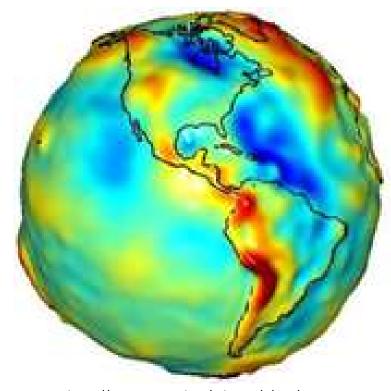
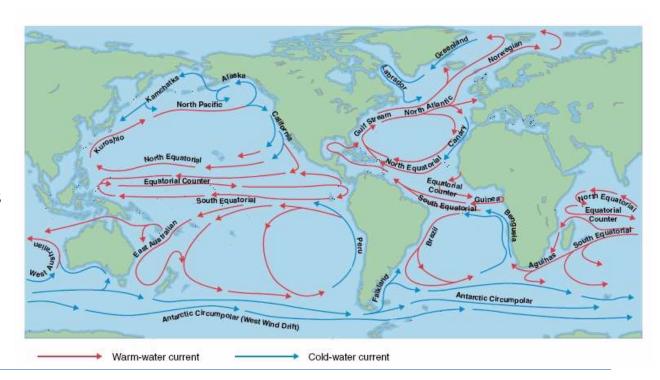


Image Source: https://www.pxw1.snb.ca/snb7001/e/PDF/presentationANBL-e.pdf



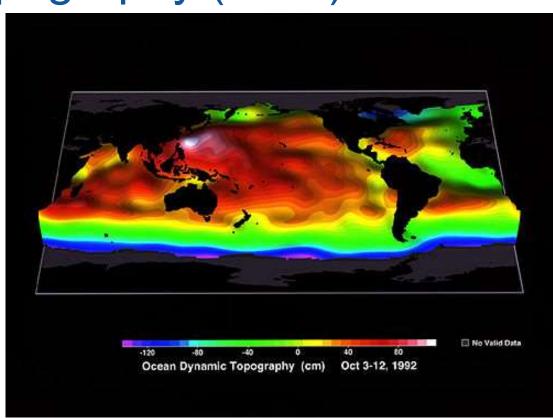
Dynamic Ocean Topography (DOT)

- Differences in ocean water levels created by oceanographic and meteorological events
 - Ocean currents
 - Gyres
 - Consistent weather patterns (wind)



Dynamic Ocean Topography (DOT)

- Global Dynamic Ocean
 Topography calculated by
 subtracting geoid elevations
 from satellite Mean Sea
 Surface (MSS) product
- Can also be calculated at tidal stations by subtracting the geoid from Mean Water Level (MWL)

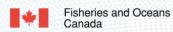




Making the Surface

- Mean Water Level is linked to the ellipsoid using satellite altimetry data offshore and tidal station data inshore where GNSS data is available
- GNSS data collected for 24h and processed using NRCan Precise Point Positioning (PPP) service
- Tidal modelling process fills in the gaps





Non-GNSS Stations & Other Tidal Datums

- Stations with no GNSS data are not directly linked to the ellipsoid
- Tidal datums at these stations "hang" off the Mean Water Level (MWL) surface to estimate their link to the ellipsoid
- This process is also used to calculate datums other than MWL at all stations.

Heights - Relative to chart datum				
ID 🚹 🖶	Height(m) ↑	Date ↑↓		
Highest Recorded Water Level i	2.95	1976-03-17		
Highest Astronomical Tide ⁱ	2.21	N/A		
Higher High Water Large Tide i	2.17	N/A		
Mean Higher High Water (Higher High Water Mean Tide) [‡]	1.83	N/A		
Mean High Water (High Water Mean Tide) ⁱ	1.77	N/A		
Mean Water Level ⁱ	1.10	N/A		
Mean Low Water (Low Water Mean Tide) i	0.46	N/A		
Mean Lower Low Water (Lower Low Water Mean Tide) ¹	0.36	N/A		
Lower Low Water Large Tide ⁱ	-0.01	N/A		
Lowest Astronomical Tide ⁱ	-0.05	N/A		
Lowest Recorded Water Level i	-0.32	2007-03-21		

The "Warp"

- Since Chart Datum (CD) is not continuously updated, it can diverge from Lower Low Water Large Tide (LLWLT) over time.
- The difference between the LLWLT surface and Chart Datum is what we call the "warp" since we warp the modelled LLWLT surface to respect chart datum where it has been established.
- Be sure to differentiate between the CD and LLWLT in your work.

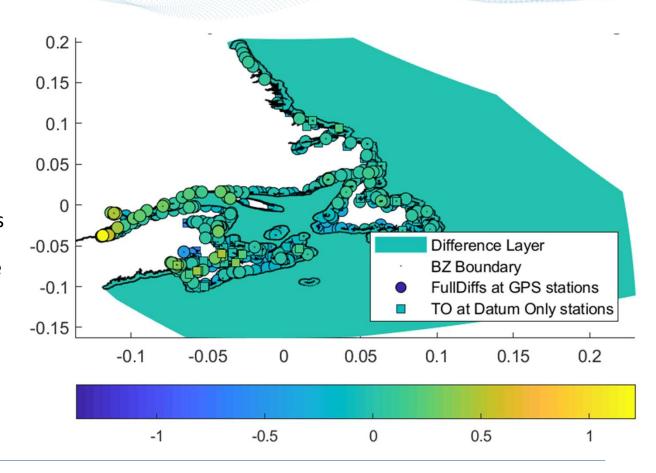
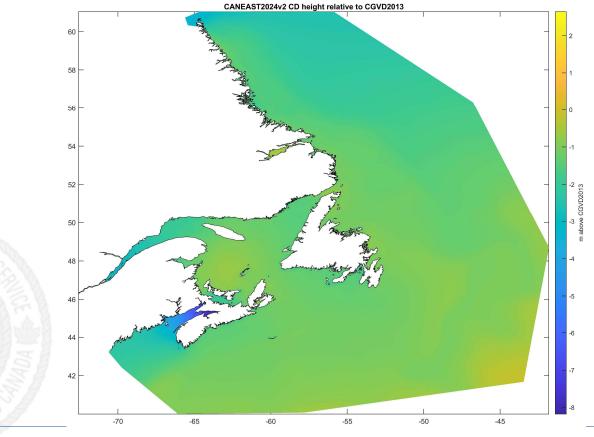


Chart Datum Referenced to CGVD2013

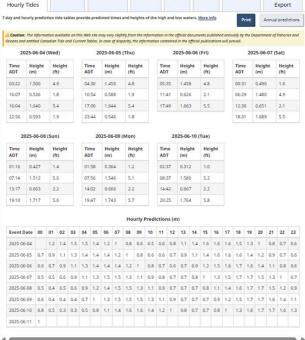


Tidal Data

 Tidal data, predictions, datums, tide tables, high and low tide times, etc. are all available through the CHS Tides website

https://tides.gc.ca/





Bulk Data

CVD Surfaces

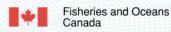
 CVD Surfaces and other CHS products can be requested by filling out the Intellectual Property Application Form online

https://charts.gc.ca/charts-cartes/ip-application/index-eng.asp

 Some CVD surfaces available "soon" through the NONNA data portal

https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/d3881c4c-650d-4070-bf9b-1e00aabf0a1d

These product.	s are being requested	for:	
Non-navigational use Navigational use	е		
Previous Licence	es		
Please enter any refere	nce numbers for existing or expire	d licences with CHS (e.g., yyyy-mmdd-	1260-X)
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* First name	* Last name	* Email address	
If applying as a business, tr information below.	raining organization, government em	nployee, or for university science research	h, enter the business or organization's
* Address	* City	* Province/state	* Country
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* You are A Fisheries and Ocea A member of a feder A business wishing t Intending to comme	Telephone ans employee seeking one-time use or al, provincial or international governor or use our data for internal business	Web site of a product or data ment department or agency purposes but not for navigation	* Country



The Future

- Following NRCan's lead
- "The US National Geodetic Survey (NGS) will replace the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88) with a geoid-based height reference system called the North American-Pacific Geopotential Datum of 2022 (NAPGD2022). This future US datum has the same definition as CGVD2013 and at the time of release will enable a unified continental height system."